



JUVENILE JUSTICE

CAMPAIGN OF THE NATIONAL JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY
PREVENTION COALITION

www.act4jj.org

Profile of Federal Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Funding: Michigan

Federal Funding Overview:

The Michigan State Advisory Group (SAG) serves as Michigan's federally-mandated state advisory body. The group administers the state's Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act (JJDP) funds and provides the governor, state legislature, and other policymakers with recommendations for improving and supporting the state's juvenile justice system. The SAG helps determine how funds granted by the U.S. Department of Justice Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) should be expended, and reports regularly to the Governor and state legislature on the status of the state's compliance with the four core requirements of the JJDP.¹

Diminishing Funds:

The federal allocation of grant funding to Michigan has decreased dramatically in recent years. Nationwide, during the 16 years that the JJDP went unauthorized, **federal juvenile justice funding decreased by nearly 48%**.² In Michigan, meanwhile, between FY10 and FY18 alone, **the state experienced a 63% reduction** in its formula and block grant allocations.³ In FY10 the state received \$1,305,900 through the Juvenile Accountability Block Grant (JABG) program. However, for the past several fiscal years, that sum has been zeroed out in the federal budget. Michigan also received \$84,945 in Title V funding in FY10, but Congress has earmarked Title V funding in the last several years, decreasing the likelihood that states receive funding under the program. The lone remaining source of federal funding, Title II, has also diminished. In FY10, Michigan received \$1,779,000 in Title II funding. In FY18, that figure had decreased to \$1,173,794.

Formula & Block Grant
Funding FY10:
\$3.17 million

Formula & Block Grant
Funding FY18*:
\$1.2 million

Decrease of 63% so far
this decade.

*This number only includes Title II funds; JABG has been zeroed out & Title V funds have been earmarked

¹ The four core requirements of the JJDP are: 1) deinstitutionalization of status offenders, (2) separation of adults and juveniles in secure institutions, 3) jail removal; and 4) reduction of the disproportionate number of minority youth who come into contact with the juvenile justice system (DMC). Retrieved from, http://www.act4jj.org/about_requirements.html.

² Act4JJ. (2018). Juvenile Justice Federal Funding Chart. Retrieved from, <http://www.act4jj.org/sites/default/files/resource-files/Historic%20Funding%20Chart%20-%20FY19.pdf>

³ All numbers are based upon figures reported by the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. Grant Awards and Past Solicitations. Retrieved from, <https://www.ojjdp.gov/funding/funding.html#2>. Accessed May 29, 2019.

Federal Dollars in Action:

Michigan uses Title II funding to ensure compliance with the four core protections of the JJDPa and to fund programs in communities that are centered around the JJAG's priority areas. Currently, Michigan funds programs around the school-to-prison pipeline, a gender specific program for females, a diversion program, and one that focuses on juvenile justice data improvements.

This fact sheet was prepared by:



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