Act4JJ Juvenile Justice Federal Funding Chart



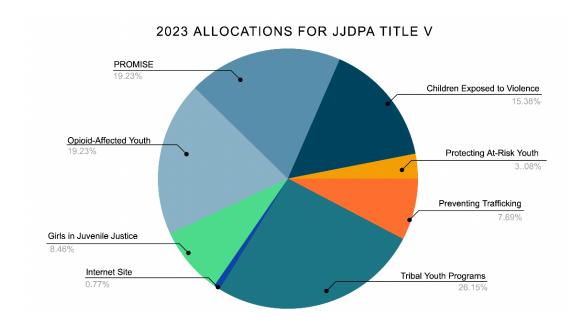
Between the JJDPA's 2002 reauthorization and FY'10, total investment in youth justice decreased by more than \$120 million dollars. Since that time, funding allocations for youth justice have continued their precipitous decline, reaching a low of \$247 million in federal youth justice investments in FY'17. The chart below discusses these changes in funding and how funds have been earmarked in specific years. Years marked in gray denote reauthorization of the JJDPA. The current year is noted in blue.

(All sums reported are in millions.)	JJDPA Title II	JJDPA Title V	JABG	Mentoring	Other	Total
FY02	\$88.8	\$94.3	\$249.5	\$16	\$91.5	\$546.9
FY10	\$75	\$65	\$55	\$100	\$37.5	\$423.5
FY11	\$62.3	\$54	\$45.7	\$83	\$31.2	\$276
FY12	\$40	\$20	\$30	\$78	\$94.5	\$262.5
FY13	\$44	\$20	\$25	\$90	\$100.5	\$279.5
FY14	\$55.5	\$15	\$0	\$85.5	\$88	\$244
FY15	\$55.5	\$15	\$0	\$90	\$91	\$251.5
FY16	\$58	\$17.5	\$0	\$90	\$104.7	\$270.16
FY17	\$55	\$14.5	\$0	\$80	\$97.5	\$247
FY18	\$60	\$27.5	\$0	\$94	\$101	\$282.5
FY19	\$60	\$24.5	\$0	\$95	\$107.5	\$287
FY20	\$63	\$42	\$0	\$97	\$118 ¹	\$320
FY21	\$67	\$62	\$0	\$100	\$130	\$359
FY22	\$70	\$49.5	\$0	\$102	\$138.5	\$360
FY23	\$75	\$65	\$0	\$107	\$153	\$400
% Difference Since						
FY 02 Reenactment	-15.5%	-31.1%	-100%	+568.8%	+67.2 %	-26.9 %

Juvenile Justice Federal Funding Chart: Breakdown of Title V



(All sums reported are in millions.)	JJDPA Title V		
FY02	\$94.3		
FYo ₃	\$46.1		
FYo4	\$79.2		
FYo5	\$79.4		
FYo6	\$64.4		
FY07	\$64.4		
FYo8	\$61.1		
FY09	\$62		
FY10	\$65		
FY11	\$54		
FY12	\$20		
FY13	\$20		
FY14	\$15		
FY15	\$15		
FY16	\$17.5		
FY17	\$14.5		
FY18	\$27.5		
FY19	\$24.5		
FY20	\$42		
FY21	\$62		
FY 22	\$49.5		
FY23	\$65		
% Difference Since			
FY 02 Reenactment	-31.1%		



Act4JJ Juvenile Justice Federal Funding Chart



Beginning in FY 2017, Congress has earmarked funding under Title V for specific programs, thus limiting the use of funds. This is despite the fact that the Act was intended to give localities control over funding for delinquency prevention programming, tailoring programs to best meet the needs of their young people.

The Juvenile Justice Reform Act of 2018, which reauthorized the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act, significantly expanded what programs qualify to receive funds, allowing for a broader, more holistic approach to addressing the needs of young people. While the final appropriations bill for FY 2020 does contain earmarks for Title V funding, for the first time in several years, \$24.5 million remains unearmarked, thus opening up the funding for all authorized purposes.

FY 2017 – This sum is earmarked as follows: \$4 million for gang and youth violence education, prevention and intervention, and related activities; \$500,000 for the Children of Incarcerated Parents Web Portal; \$2 million for competitive grants focusing on girls in the juvenile justice system; and \$8 million for community- based violence prevention initiatives, including for public health approaches to reducing shootings and violence.

FY 2018 – This sum is earmarked as follows: \$5 million for the Tribal Youth Program; \$4 million for gang and youth violence education, prevention, and intervention; \$500,000 for Children of Incarcerated Parents Web Portal; \$2 million for girls in the juvenile justice system; \$8 million for community-based violence prevention initiatives, including for public health approaches to reducing shootings and violence; and \$8 million for an opioid-affected youth initiative.

FY 2019 – This sum has been earmarked as follows: \$5 million for Tribal Youth programs; \$500,000 for the Children of Incarcerated Parents Web Portal; \$2 million for girls in the juvenile justice system; \$9 million for opioid affected youth initiative; and \$8 million for children exposed to violence programs.

FY 2020 – This sum has been earmarked as follow: \$2 million for the prevention of tracking of girls; \$5 million for the Tribal Youth Program; \$500,000 for the Children of Incarcerated Parents Web Portal; \$2 million for girls in the juvenile justice system; \$10 million for opioid affect youth initiative; and \$8 million for children exposed to violence. This leaves \$24.5 million free for all programs that qualify for Youth PROMISE grants.

FY 2021 – This sum has been earmarked as follows: \$10 million for Tribal Youth Programs; \$3 million for competitive grants focusing on girls in the juvenile justice system; \$2 million for grants to prevent trafficking of girls; \$500,000 for an Internet site providing information and resources on children of incarcerated parents; \$10 million for an opioid-affected youth initiative; and \$8 million for an initiative relating to children exposed to violence. This leaves \$16 million for all programs that qualify for Youth PROMISE grants.

FY 2022 – This sum has been earmarked as follows: \$4,000,000 shall be for grants to prevent trafficking of girls; \$14,000,000 shall be for the Tribal Youth Program; \$500,000 for an Internet site providing information and resources on children of incarcerated parents; \$4,500,000 for competitive grants focusing on girls in the juvenile justice system; \$12,000,000 for an initiative relating to youth affected by opioids, stimulants, and other substance use; \$8,000,000 for an initiative relating to children exposed to violence; and \$5,000,000 for grants to protect vulnerable and at-risk youth.

FY 2023 – This sum has been earmarked as follows: \$5,000,000 shall be for grants to prevent trafficking of girls; \$17,000,000 for the Tribal Youth Program; \$500,000 for an Internet site providing information and resources on children of incarcerated parents; \$5,500,000 competitive grants focusing on girls in the juvenile justice system; \$12,500,000 for an initiative relating to youth affected by opioids, stimulants, and other substance use; \$10,000,000 for an initiative relating to children exposed to violence; and \$2,000,000 for grants to protect vulnerable and at-risk youth.