



JUVENILE JUSTICE

CAMPAIGN OF THE NATIONAL JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY
PREVENTION COALITION

www.act4jj.org

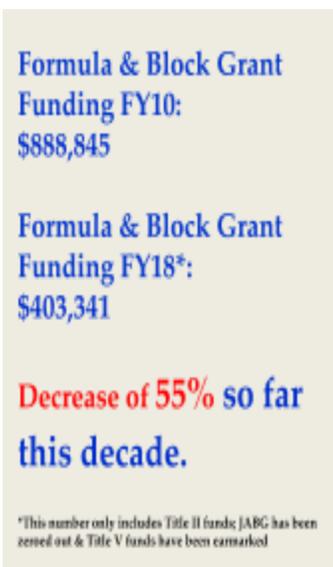
Profile of Federal Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Funding: Delaware

Federal Funding Overview:

The Delaware Juvenile Justice Advisory Group (JJAG) serves as Delaware's federally-mandated state advisory group (SAG). The group administers the state's Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act (JJDP) funds and provides the governor, state legislature, and other policy makers with recommendations for improving and supporting the state's juvenile justice system. The JJAG helps determine how funds granted by the U.S. Department of Justice Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) should be expended, and reports regularly to the Governor and state legislature on the status of the state's compliance with the four core requirements of the JJDP.¹

Diminishing Funds:

The federal allocation of grant funding to Delaware has decreased dramatically in recent years. Nationwide, during the 16 years that the JJDP went unauthorized, **federal juvenile justice funding decreased by nearly 48%.**² In Delaware, meanwhile, **between FY10 and FY18 alone, the state experienced a 55% reduction in its formula and block grant allocations.**³ In FY10, the state received \$323,900 through the Juvenile Accountability Block Grant (JABG) program. However, for the past several fiscal years, that sum has been zeroed out in the federal budget. Delaware also received \$84,945 in Title V funding in FY10, but Congress has earmarked Title V funding in the last several years, decreasing the likelihood that states receive funding under the program. The lone remaining source of federal funding, Title II, has also diminished. In FY10, Delaware received \$480,000 in Title II funding. In FY2018, that figure had decreased to \$403,341.



¹ The four core requirements of the JJDP are: 1) deinstitutionalization of status offenders, (2) separation of adults and juveniles in secure institutions, 3) jail removal; and 4) reduction of the disproportionate number of minority youth who come into contact with the juvenile justice system (DMC). For more about the four core requirements, go to: http://www.act4jj.org/about_requirements.html.

² Act4JJ. (2018). Juvenile Justice Federal Funding Chart. Retrieved from, <http://www.act4jj.org/sites/default/files/resource-files/Historic%20Funding%20Chart%20-%20FY19.pdf>

³ All numbers are based upon data provided by the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. This information is available at: <http://grants.ojp.usdoj.gov>.

Federal Dollars in Action:

Despite the decrease in funding, Delaware continues to use its federal funding for programs throughout the state that are aimed at ensuring the JJDPA's core protections are carried out. The state has undertaken a series of programs in recent years that focus on racial and ethnic disparities in particular. The most recent of these programs include a statewide Juvenile Civil Citation program. The program permits all police officers statewide to refer youth who commit a first-time misdemeanor offense to a 90- day program in which they will receive an assessment and must participate in a variety of community service activities. The young person does not go through the traditional criminal justice system nor is subjected to a criminal record. In January 2016, the program went live with all police departments and boasts an 86% program completion rate.

This fact sheet was prepared by:



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