



## JUVENILE JUSTICE

**CAMPAIGN OF THE NATIONAL JUVENILE JUSTICE & DELINQUENCY  
PREVENTION COALITION**

[www.act4jj.org](http://www.act4jj.org)

# Profile of Federal Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Funding: Illinois

The Illinois Juvenile Justice Commission (JJC) serves as Illinois' federally-mandated state advisory body. The group administers the state's Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act (JJDP) funds and provides the Governor, state legislature, and other policymakers with recommendations for improving and supporting the state's juvenile justice system. The JJAG helps determine how funds granted by the U.S. Department of Justice Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) should be expended, and reports regularly to the Governor and state legislature on the status of the state's compliance with the four core requirements of the JJDP.<sup>1</sup>

The federal allocation of grant funding to Illinois has decreased dramatically in recent years. Nationwide, during the 16 years that the JJDP went unauthorized, **federal juvenile justice funding decreased by nearly 42%**.<sup>2</sup> In Illinois, meanwhile, between FY10 and FY19 alone, the state experienced a 58% reduction in its formula and block grant allocations.<sup>3</sup> In FY10 the state received \$1,084,866 through the Juvenile Accountability Block Grant (JABG) program. For the past five fiscal years, however, that sum has been zeroed out in the federal budget. Illinois also received \$84,945 in Title V funding in FY2010. That funding source, however, has been earmarked for non-JJDP purposes in recent years. The lone remaining source of formula and block grant funding, Title II, has also diminished. In FY10, Illinois received \$2,366,000 in Title II funding. In FY19, that figure had decreased to \$1,490,586.

**Formula & Block Grant  
Funding FY10:  
\$3,535,811**

**Formula & Block Grant  
Funding FY19\*:  
\$1,490,586**

**Decrease of 58% so far  
this decade.**

\*This number only includes Title II funds; JABG has been zeroed out & Title V funds have been earmarked

<sup>1</sup> The four core requirements of the JJDP are: 1) deinstitutionalization of status offenders, (2) separation of adults and juveniles in secure institutions, 3) jail removal, and 4) reduction of the disproportionate number of minority youth who come into contact with the juvenile justice system (disproportionate minority contact, or DMC). Retrieved from [http://www.act4jj.org/about\\_requirements.html](http://www.act4jj.org/about_requirements.html).

<sup>2</sup> Act4JJ. (2020). Juvenile Justice Federal Funding Chart. Retrieved from

<https://www.act4jj.org/sites/default/files/ckfinder/files/Historic%20Funding%20Chart%20-%20FY20.pdf>.

<sup>3</sup> All numbers are based upon figures reported by the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. Grant Awards and Past Solicitations. Retrieved from <https://www.ojjdp.gov/funding/funding.html#2>.

### **Federal Dollars in Action:**

Illinois provides Title II Formula grant funds directly to local agencies and organizations to help them implement comprehensive prevention and intervention programs. The state has used funding to implement Juvenile Detention Alternatives Initiative (JDAI) programs to develop strategies to address jail violations, including outreach and education to the Illinois Juvenile Officers Association.

*This fact sheet was prepared by:*



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